

A photograph of a park in winter, likely Central Park in New York City. The ground is covered in a layer of snow. A long, straight path leads into the distance, flanked by rows of tall, leafless trees. Benches and black metal fences are visible on either side of the path. The sky is overcast and grey.

# China's Regional Economy — IO analysis

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# Outline

- **Motivation and background**
- **Model Description**
- **Result of decomposition**



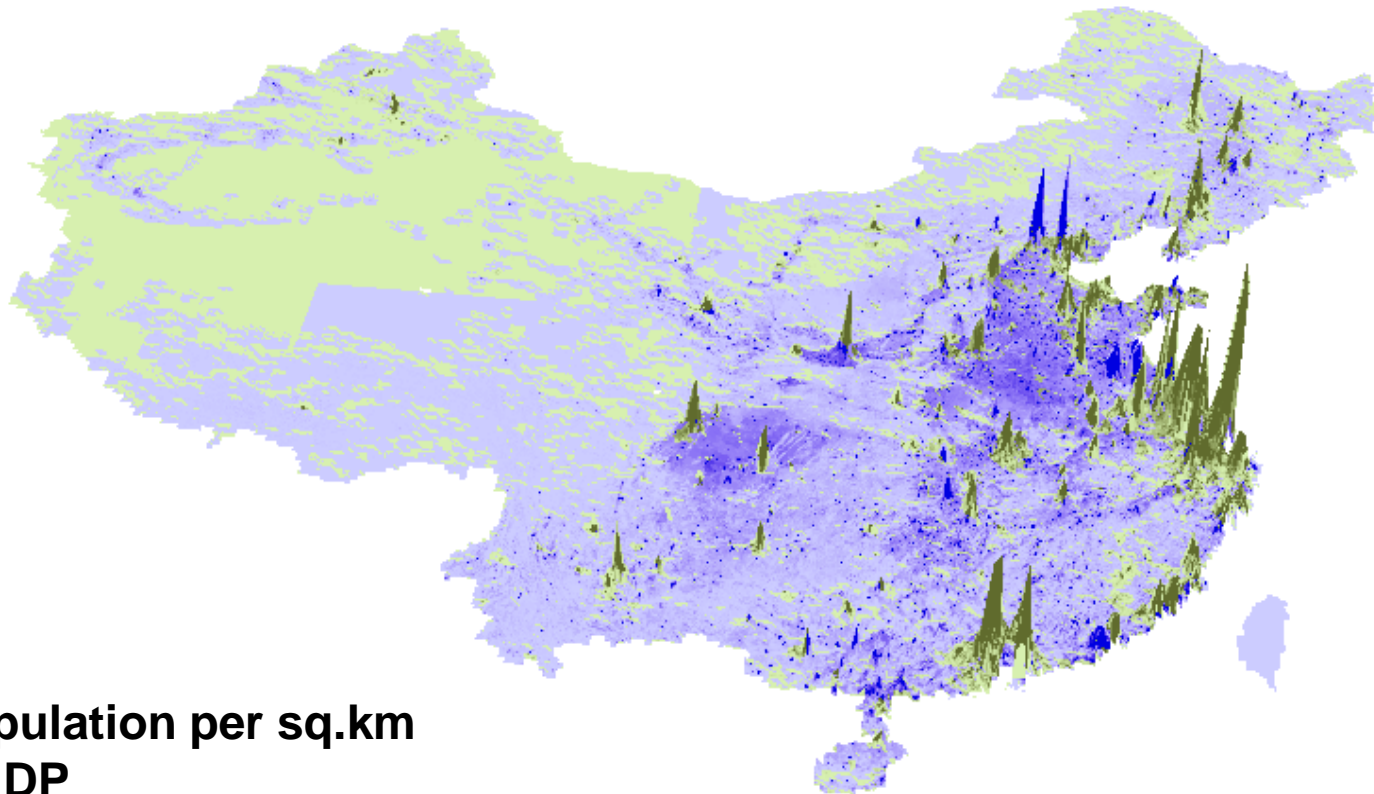


# Distribution of China's Major Regions





# Economic density



**GDP/Population per sq.km**  
**Green-GDP**  
**Blue-Population**



# Distribution of GDP

Percentage of GDP of the East, the Central, the West ,and the Northeast in the country(%)

	1978	1980	1990	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010
The East	44.1	44.1	45.9	52.8	54.5	55.2	54.3	53.8	53.0
The Central	21.8	22.5	22.1	20.2	18.8	19.0	19.3	19.3	19.7
The West	20.1	20.0	20.2	17.1	17.0	17.3	17.8	18.3	18.7
The Northeast	13.9	13.4	11.7	10.0	8.7	8.5	8.6	8.5	8.6



# Regional Disparity

The ratio of GDP per capita in regions of the East, the Central, and the West in the country.

	1978	1980	1990	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009
East ( the West=1 )	1.93	1.87	1.92	2.42	2.49	2.48	2.29	2.23
East ( the Central= 1)	1.56	1.51	1.64	1.89	2.09	2.19	1.97	2.05
Central ( the West=1 )	1.23	1.24	1.17	1.28	1.19	1.49	1.16	1.09



# Decomposition of GDP -Methodology

- On the demand side, regional GDP can be composited into four driving sources:
    - Consumption: including Household and government
    - Investment
    - Export
    - Domestic outflow
- } **Total Outflow**



# Decomposition of GDP -Methodology

- Using regional non-competition input-output tables and input-output model.

$$\begin{aligned} X &= (I - A^l)^{-1} \cdot Y \\ &= (I - A^l)^{-1} \cdot (C + I + EX + DO) \end{aligned}$$

- Of which,  $C$ ,  $I$ ,  $EX$ , and  $DO$  respectively represents consumption, investment, export and domestic outflow;  $A^l$  refers to local intermediate input coefficient





# Decomposition of GDP -Methodology

$$GDP = v \cdot X$$

$$GDP = v \cdot (I - A^l)^{-1} \cdot (C + I + EX + DO)$$

$$= v \cdot (I - A^l)^{-1} \cdot C \quad \longrightarrow \text{Consumption}$$

$$+ v \cdot (I - A^l)^{-1} \cdot I \quad \longrightarrow \text{Investment}$$

$$+ v \cdot (I - A^l)^{-1} \cdot EX \quad \longrightarrow \text{Export}$$

$$+ v \cdot (I - A^l)^{-1} \cdot DO \quad \longrightarrow \text{Domestic Outflow}$$

- Of which,  $v$  is the vector of ratio of value added.

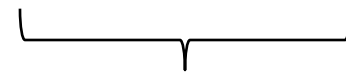


# Structure of regional IO table

Final Use						Exports	Domestic Outflow	Total Final Use	Imports	Domestic Inflow	Gross Output
Final Consumption Expenditure			Gross Capital Formation								
Household Consumption Expenditure	Government Consumption Expenditure	Total Final Consumption Expenditure	Gross Fixed Capital Formation	Changes in Inventories	Gross Capital Formation						



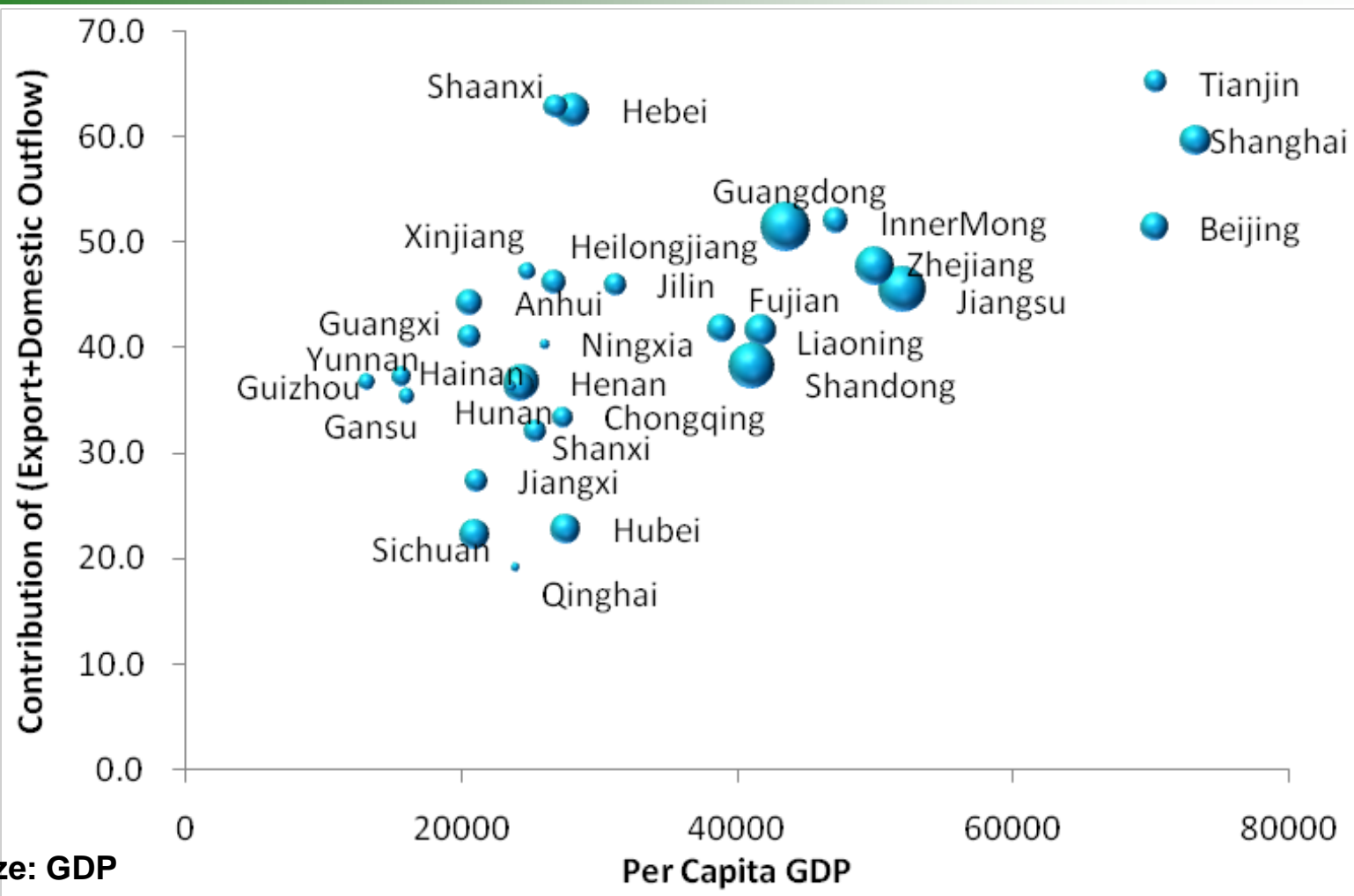
**Total Outflow**



**Total Inflow**



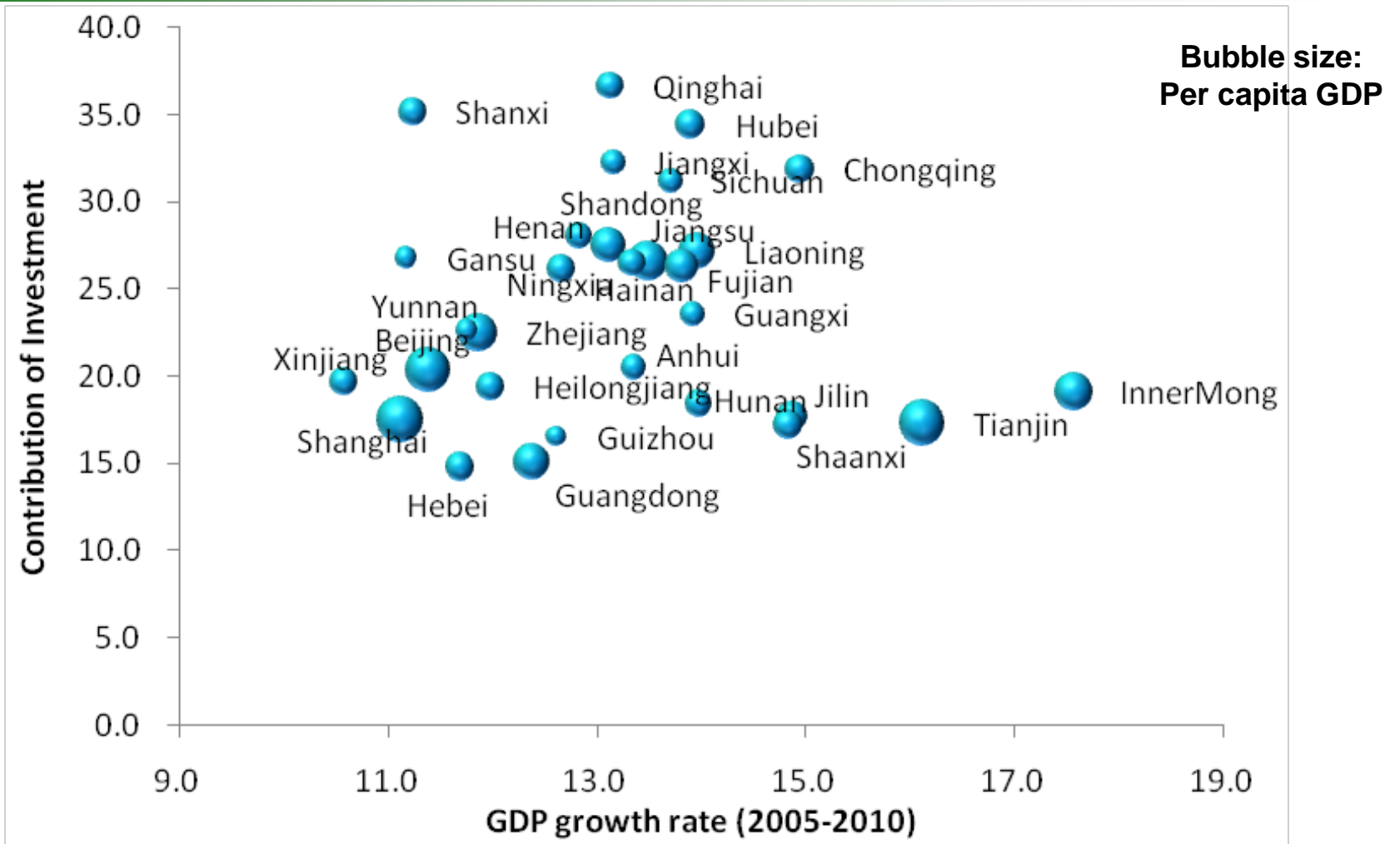
# Contribution of Export plus Domestic outflow (2007)



Bubble size: GDP



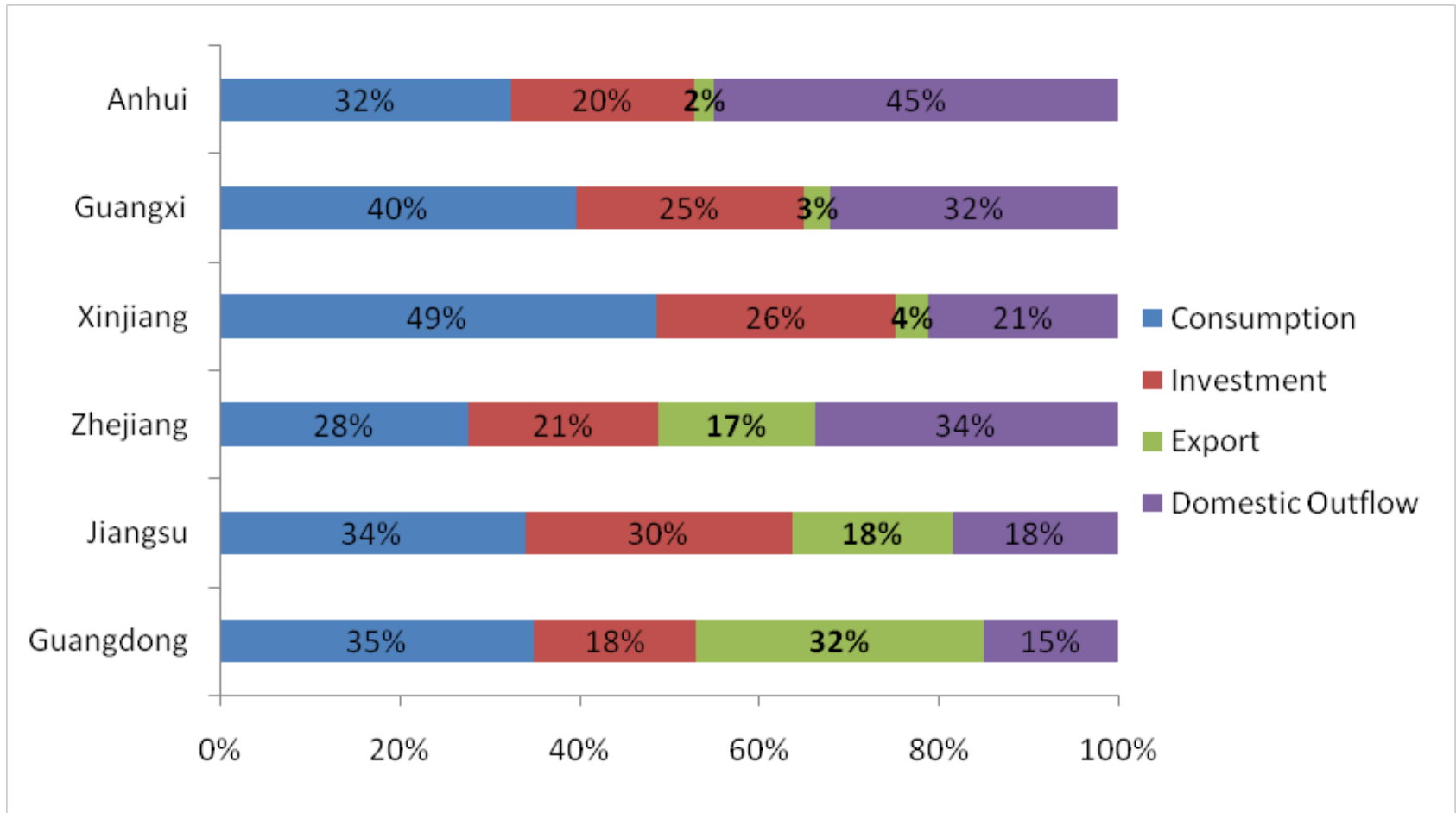
# Investment and Growth





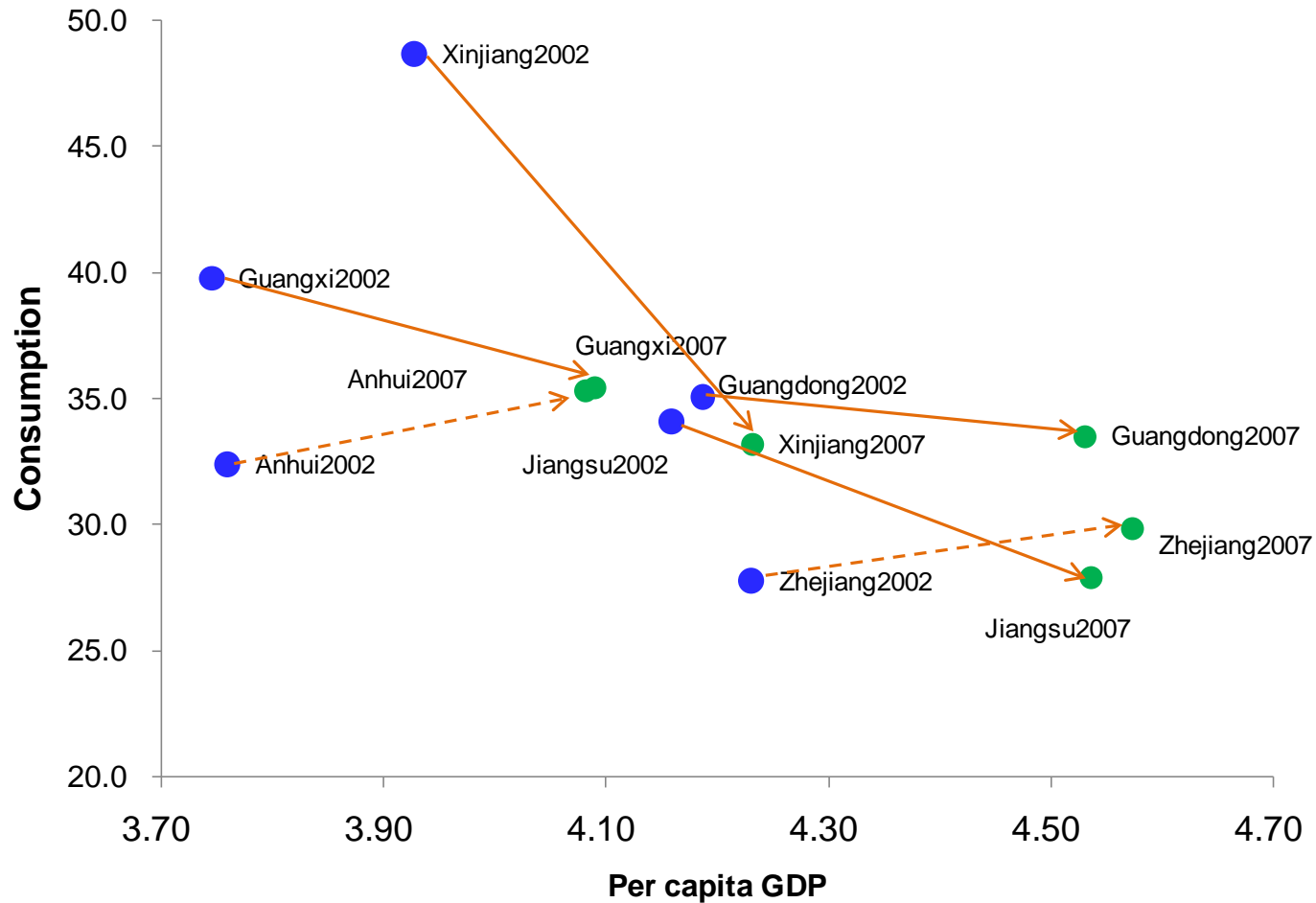


# Result of decomposition (2002)



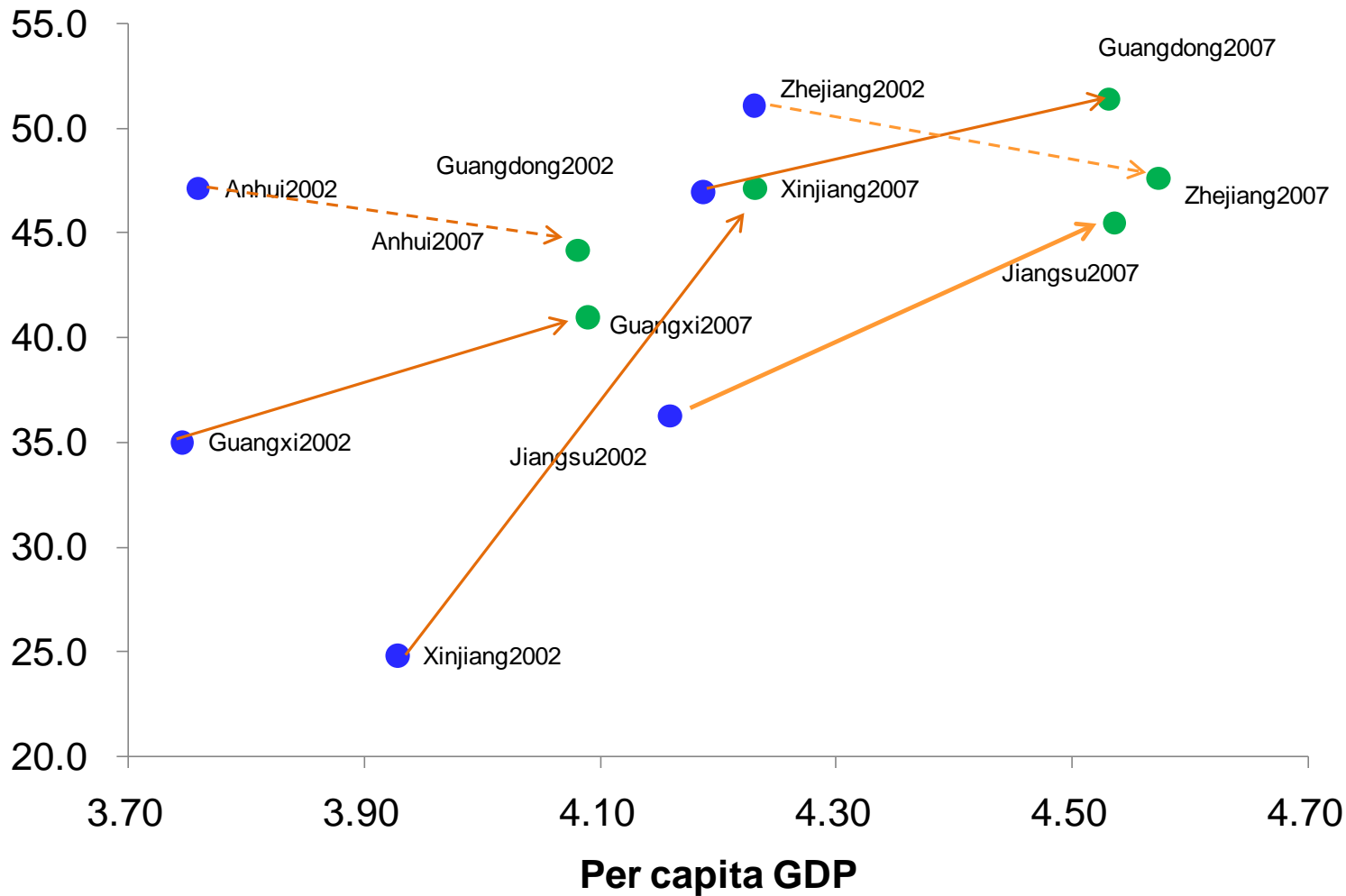


# Change of Contribution of consumption





# Change of Contribution of Export + Domestic outflow



*Thanks for your  
attention!*